## **Special Numbers**

## **Problem Statement**

For each positive integer n, denote by d(n) the number of positive divisors of n. A positive integer n is said to be special if there is no k<n with d(k)=d(n). Compute the sum of all special numbers no greater than N.

Input: A single integer N.

Output: A single integer: the sum of all special numbers no greater than N.

Constraints:  $1 \le N \le 100000$ .

Sample Input:

4

Sample Output:

7

Explanation:

3 is not special since d(2)=d(3)=2. 1, 2, and 4 are special, so the answer is 1+2+4=7.